

What is Spring Boot?

Spring Boot allows you to run Spring Framework web applications on an Application Server like Apache Tomcat or Jetty in a single jar file.

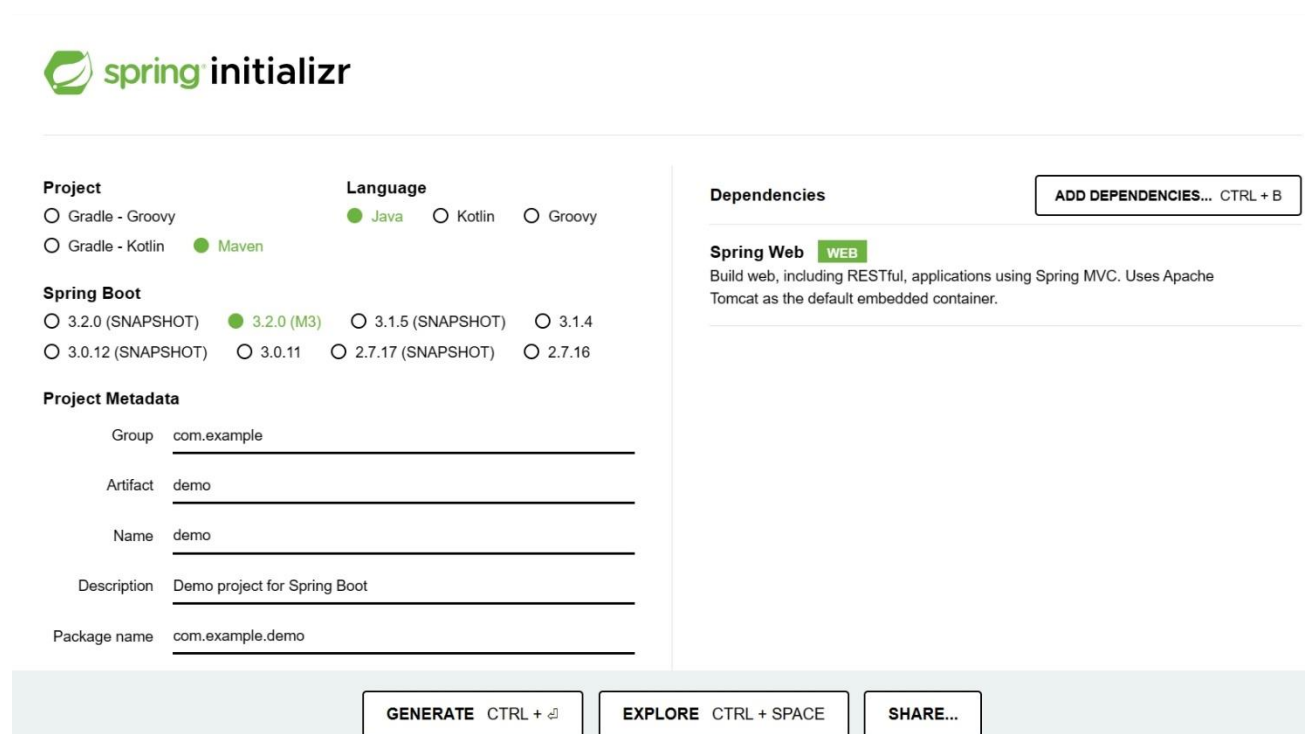
jar file contains your spring boot code for the web application as well as the application server like tomcat or jetty embedded within the executable jar file of the spring boot application.

This tutorial will guide you through the process of making a spring boot application.

We will be using IntelliJ IDEA (Community Edition) as IDE and we will be using website

<https://start.spring.io> for making a skeleton or an initial spring boot project

go to start.spring.io and make a demo spring boot project as shown below



The screenshot shows the Spring Initializr web interface. At the top is the 'spring initializr' logo. Below it, the configuration is divided into several sections:

- Project:** Radio buttons for 'Gradle - Groovy', 'Gradle - Kotlin', and 'Maven' (which is selected).
- Language:** Radio buttons for 'Java' (selected), 'Kotlin', and 'Groovy'.
- Spring Boot:** Radio buttons for various versions: '3.2.0 (SNAPSHOT)', '3.2.0 (M3)' (selected), '3.1.5 (SNAPSHOT)', '3.1.4', '3.0.12 (SNAPSHOT)', '3.0.11', '2.7.17 (SNAPSHOT)', and '2.7.16'.
- Project Metadata:** Text input fields for 'Group' (com.example), 'Artifact' (demo), 'Name' (demo), 'Description' (Demo project for Spring Boot), and 'Package name' (com.example.demo).
- Dependencies:** A section with a button 'ADD DEPENDENCIES... CTRL + B'. Below it, 'Spring Web' is selected with a 'WEB' tag, and a description reads: 'Build web, including RESTful, applications using Spring MVC. Uses Apache Tomcat as the default embedded container.'

At the bottom, there are three buttons: 'GENERATE CTRL + G', 'EXPLORE CTRL + SPACE', and 'SHARE...'.

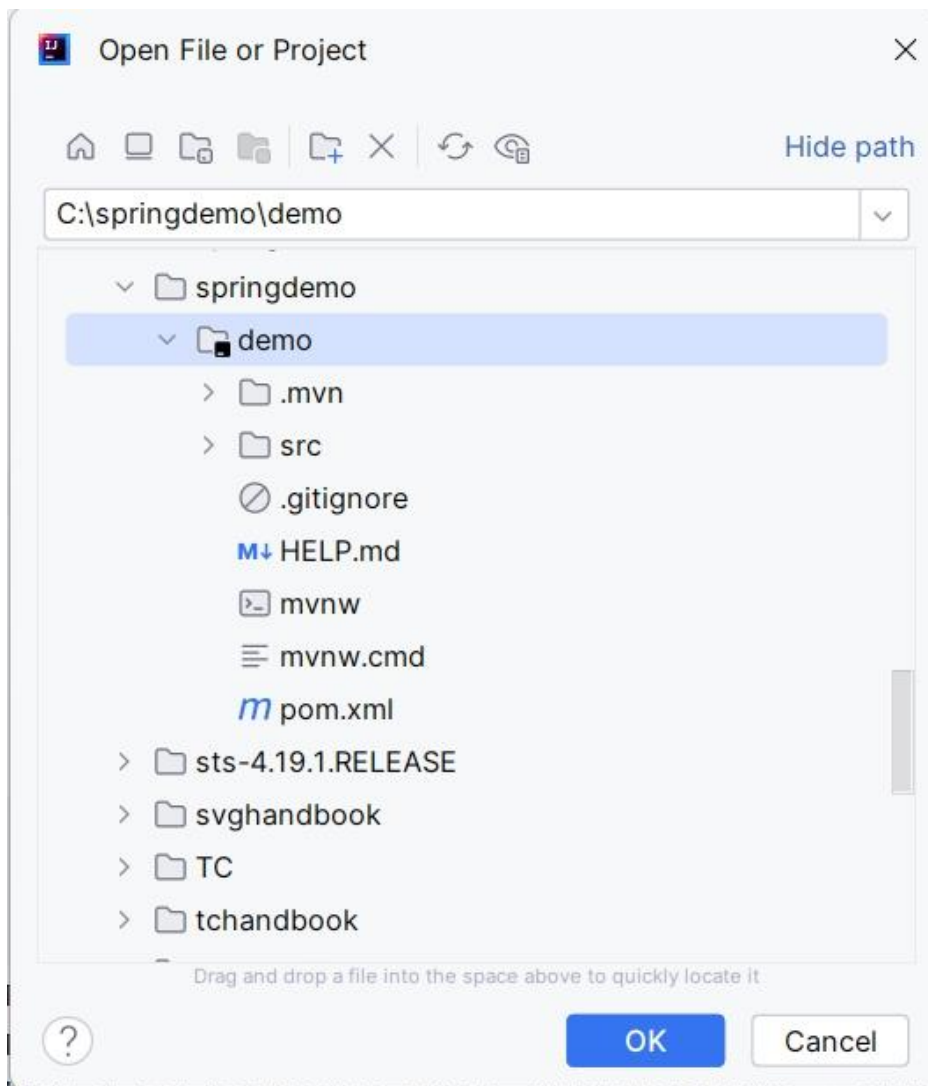
Now Click on Generate and download the zip file of the demo spring boot project

unzip the zip file to a folder c:\springdemo and open it in IntelliJ IDEA as shown below

You can download IntelliJ IDEA Community Edition from following link

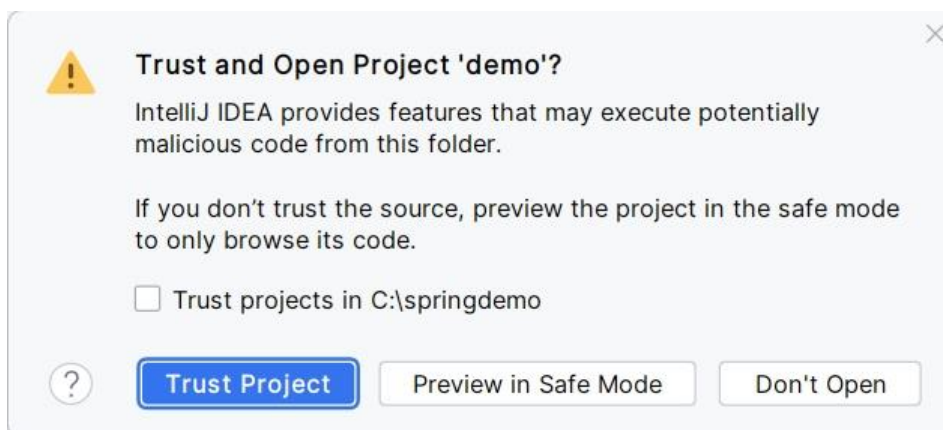
[Download IntelliJ IDEA – The Leading Java and Kotlin IDE \(jetbrains.com\)](https://www.jetbrains.com/idea/)

Now Start IntelliJ IDEA and open the project in the IDE



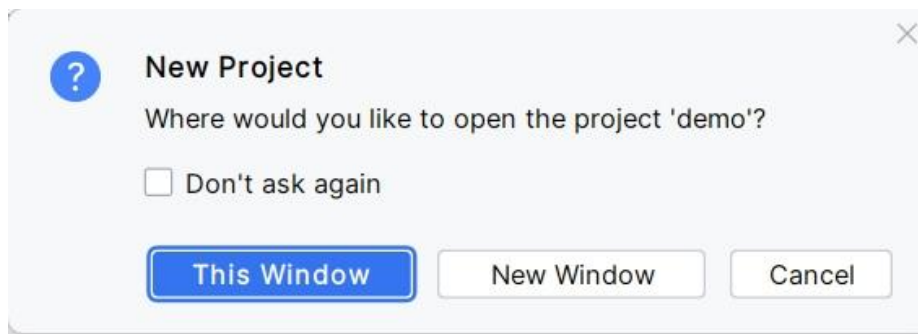
Click on OK

Following window will appear



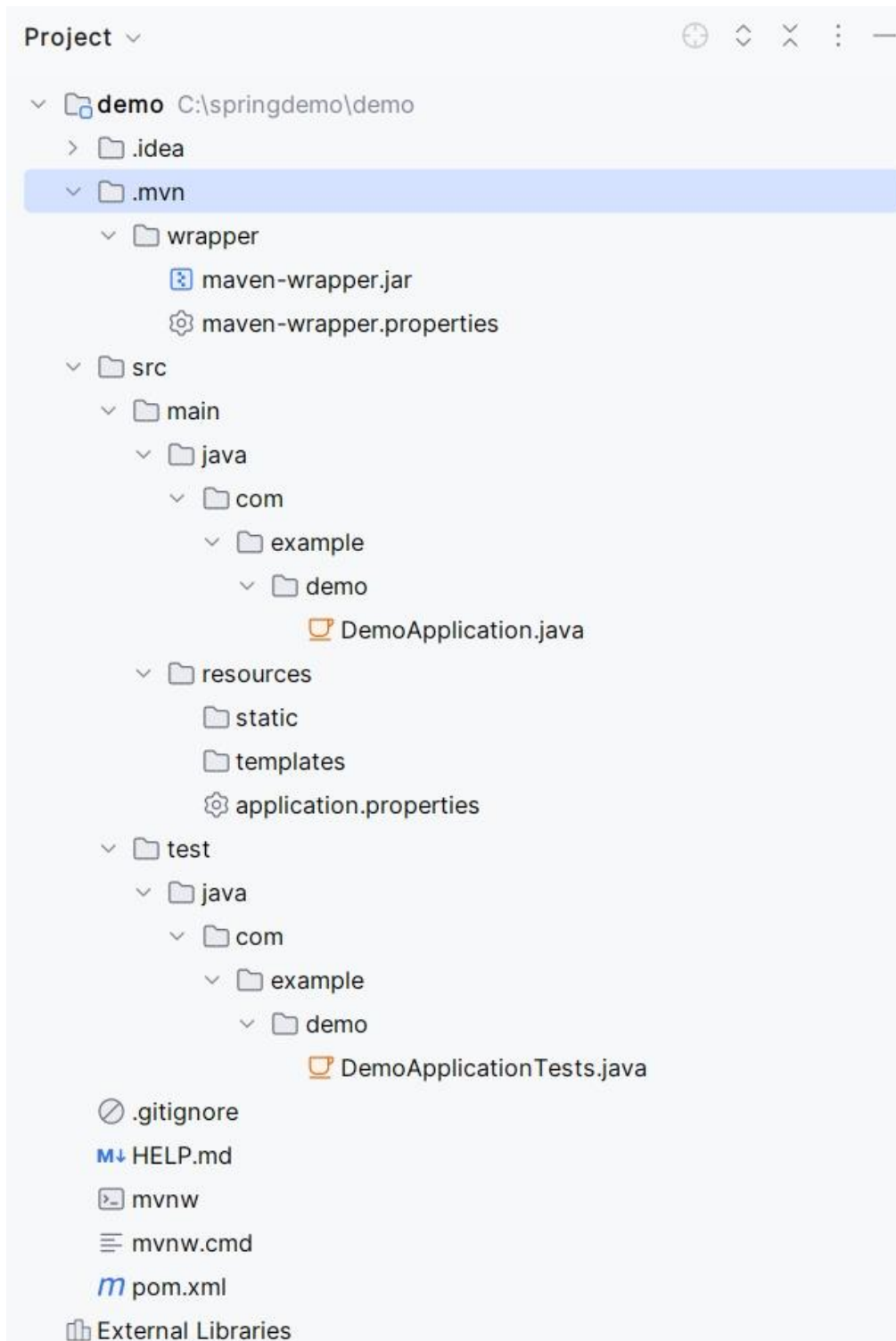
Click on Trust Project

Following window will appear



Click on This Window and project will be opened in the IDE.

Following is the directory structure of the project



This project is a Maven project.

To know more about a Maven project take help from handbook on cppcourses.com

<http://www.cppcourses.com/mavenhandbook.pdf>

Now we will make a rest controller in the project

Rest Controller is a controller as per MVC Design Pattern and maps Mappings in the web application

Now right click on demo folder and make a new Class MyController as shown below



Write the following code in MyController Class

```
package com.example.demo;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
@RestController
public class MyController
{
    @GetMapping("/")
    public String sayHello()
    {
        return "Hello World!";
    }
    @GetMapping("/hello")
    public String sayHello1()
    {
        return "Hello abcdef";
    }
}
```

@RestController and @GetMapping are annotations.

Annotation in java is a metadata about a class, object, method.

metadata means information about a class, object, method.

@RestController annotation means MyController class is a RestController Class

and @GetMapping annotation means sayHello method will point to path / and sayHello1 will point to path /hello.

Now save the file

and run the project as mentioned below

right click on DemoApplication and click on Run 'DemoApplication.main()'

This will run embedded Apache Tomcat Server and the spring boot application.

you will see following output in the terminal.

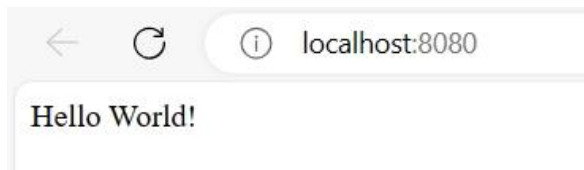
```

2023-09-22T09:44:12.245+05:30 INFO 3928 --- [main] o.s.b.w.embedded.tomcat.TomcatWebServer : Tomcat initialized with port 8080 (http)
2023-09-22T09:44:12.255+05:30 INFO 3928 --- [main] o.apache.catalina.core.StandardService : Starting service [Tomcat]
2023-09-22T09:44:12.255+05:30 INFO 3928 --- [main] o.apache.catalina.core.StandardEngine : Starting Servlet engine: [Apache Tomcat/
2023-09-22T09:44:12.330+05:30 INFO 3928 --- [main] o.a.c.c.C.[Tomcat].[localhost].[/] : Initializing Spring embedded WebApplicat
2023-09-22T09:44:12.331+05:30 INFO 3928 --- [main] w.s.c.ServletWebServerApplicationContext : Root WebApplicationContext: initializati
2023-09-22T09:44:12.679+05:30 INFO 3928 --- [main] o.s.b.w.embedded.tomcat.TomcatWebServer : Tomcat started on port 8080 (http) with
2023-09-22T09:44:12.684+05:30 INFO 3928 --- [main] com.example.demo.DemoApplication : Started DemoApplication in 2.009 seconds

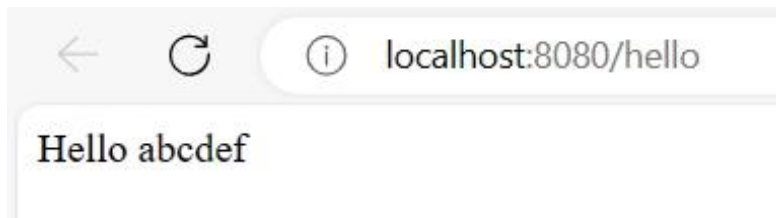
```

Open your browser and point to <http://localhost:8080/>

You will see following output



Now point your browser to <http://localhost:8080/hello>



Now the topic is application.properties file.

application.properties file contains properties of your application and it is present in resources folder.

Now edit application.properties file and add the following lines to it.

```
my.name=Raman
```

Now to get a value from application.properties file we use annotation @Value

Add the following import to MyController Class

```
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Value;
```

and also add following code to MyController Class

```
@Value("${my.name}")
private String myname;
```

//Above code will save property my.name into String object myname

```
@GetMapping("/showname")
public String showname()
{
    return myname;
}
```

Now again run your project

and point your browser to <http://localhost:8080/showname>

You will get the following output

